Fall 2018

The American Police System (GHC)

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The American Police System
Grants Collection

Affordable Learning Georgia Grants Collections are intended to provide faculty with the frameworks to quickly implement or revise the same materials as a Textbook Transformation Grants team, along with the aims and lessons learned from project teams during the implementation process.

Each collection contains the following materials:

- Linked Syllabus
  - The syllabus should provide the framework for both direct implementation of the grant team’s selected and created materials and the adaptation/ transformation of these materials.
- Initial Proposal
  - The initial proposal describes the grant project’s aims in detail.
- Final Report
  - The final report describes the outcomes of the project and any lessons learned.

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Initial Proposal
Application Details

Manage Application: Textbook Transformation Grants: Round Eleven

Award Cycle: Round 11
Internal Submission Deadline: Tuesday, January 23, 2018

Application Title: 364
Application ID: 002082
Submitter First Name: Randy
Submitter Last Name: Green
Submitter Title: Assistant Professor of Criminal Justice and Political Science
Submitter Email Address: ragreen@highlands.edu
Submitter Phone Number: 706-346-0005
Submitter Campus Role: Proposal Investigator (Primary or additional)

Applicant First Name: Sherry
Applicant Last Name: Green
Applicant Email Address: shgreen@highlands.edu
Applicant Phone Number: 706-295-6300
Primary Appointment Title: Associate Professor of Education

Institution Name(s): Georgia Highlands College
Co-Applicant(s): J. Sean Callahan
Submission Date: Tuesday, January 23, 2018

Proposal Title: 364
Proposal Category: No-Cost-to-Students Learning Materials
Final Semester of Instruction: Fall 2018
Are you using an OpenStax textbook?: No

Team Members (Name, Email Address):
J. Sean Callahan, scallaha@highlands.edu
Sherry Green, shgreen@highlands.edu
Sponsor, (Name, Title, Department, Institution):
Dr. Alan Nichols, Professor of Philosophy, SSBE Dean, Georgia Highlands College

Course Names, Course Numbers and Semesters Offered:

CRJU 2111 The American Police Systems
Offered Fall and Spring semesters
EDUC 2130 Exploring Teaching and Learning
Offered Fall and Spring semesters

List the original course materials for students (including title, whether optional or required, & cost for each item):

Cost: $ 145.00

Average Number of Students per Course Section:
30
Number of Course Sections Affected by Implementation in Academic Year:
6
Average Number of Students Per Summer Semester:
0
Average Number of Students Per Fall Semester:
90
Average Number of Students Per Spring Semester:
90
Total Number of Students Affected by Implementation in Academic Year:
180
Requested Amount of Funding:
10,800
Original per Student Cost: 94.75 and 145.00
Project Goals:

**Goal 1: No-Cost-Student Alternative Course Instructional Materials**

The primary goal of this textbook transformation is to eliminate the need for the current, expensive textbook for CRJU 2111 The American Police Systems and EDUC 2130 Exploring Teaching and Learning. Georgia Highlands College is an open access institution that serves a diverse student population on multiple campuses of which 46% are low-income students who utilize income-based federal Pell Grants for college expenses (Fall 2015 data). College Scorecard’s 2016 report yielded data reflecting that 52% of GHC students have a family income less than $40k per year. According to Dr. Renva Watterson, VPAA at GHC, “Nearly 70 percent of students don’t buy textbooks. There are many reasons for this, but one fundamental reason is they can’t afford them. When you have students sitting in class and they don’t have a text, which is the fundamental learning tool, then you put students at further risk of academic disaster.”

The current textbooks for these courses, like many others, places a significant financial burden on criminal justice students at Georgia Highlands College who are already struggling to pay the costs of college expenses. As a result of the high costs, many students do not purchase or rent texts or they delay obtaining the texts until later into the semester when their grant funds are made available. When this happens, students begin the course behind in the content and learning process, which significantly impairs their success, retention, and ultimately graduation. Eliminating the need for a textbook allows the student to begin the course in real time and without delay, which places them in a posture for success moving forward. In an effort to curtail these expenses, we have reviewed these courses and determined that we can eliminate the necessity for the current high cost, commercial, textbooks for these courses.

Finally, according to the 2016 College Scorecard, 53% or our students are enrolled full-time and 47% of GHC students are enrolled part-time. This data suggests what we know about our students...that many work at least one job, have families and attend school to improve their quality of life. They juggle many roles and face many barriers and obstacles. Any money they earn, they spend on the expenses of life and they skimp where they can and college textbooks tends to be the chosen area.
Goal 2: Student-Focused Learning

Another goal of this textbook transformation is to create current, timely, relevant, meaningful and engaging instructional materials that addresses the student learning outcomes and extend learning beyond the boundaries of a textbook. This pedagogical transformation speaks directly to quality and vast research regarding teaching and learning. Student-focused learning involves student participation in cooperative learning, project-based activities, problem-based-activities and other pedagogical methods that engage learners in the process of learning. This form of instruction is widely known for its effectiveness of orientation and boasts of many benefits for the students involved. Use of a primary textbook tends to limit students to reading (or not) the source and rarely dedicating time and effort to exploring other sources. Student-focused learning, with a shift in teaching philosophy and pedagogical transformations, is certain to improve student achievement.

Goal 3: Readability

Georgia Highlands College is an open access institution within the USG. Fall term 2015 data yielded 17.8% of newly enrolled students at GHC were placed in learning support English due to deficits in Reading and English skills as assessed by the Compass test. These students are required to take learning support pre-credit courses including the first-year experience course, FCST 1010, Freshman College Studies, prior to beginning their core curriculum. The learning support and FCST 1010 courses do not remediate these long-terms academic deficits and move students to “college grade level” in their academics.

Therefore, methods of accommodations and curriculum modifications rest solely with the professor of record and that individual’s understanding of students’ needs for academic success, retention, progression, and graduation. Without professors’ direct involvement in student achievement, students face the difficult path of navigating instructional materials that are often too complex for their learning curve. This is often the case when using a publisher’s textbook written above the reading grade level of many of GHC students, which may in part explain why they do not read the textbook.

Many of GHC students also access the GHC tutoring program and student support services due to academic difficulties and disabilities. The high use of these programs at GHC further supports the necessity for the lower-readability resources for students of which the current textbook cannot provide as it is too complex in content, presentation, and terminology/language.

To improve student learning outcomes, student success, retention and graduation rates, instructional materials and resources must focus on our specific student population.

Statement of Transformation:
Currently, to assist our students with the high cost of course textbooks, we have loaned textbooks to students, encouraged students to purchase or rent older, less costly editions of the text, recommended e-books, and textbook rentals vs. purchasing options. After utilizing this approach for many semesters, we have found ourselves in a situation where there are multiple editions of textbooks being used by students during the course of the semester. We have made every effort to accommodate for these edition discrepancies over the past few years; however, we believe that it is time to truly provide a No-Cost-to-Students option to replace the American Police Systems and the Educational Psychology texts so as to get out of the business of trying to accommodate students who cannot afford the textbook and yet seek ways to obtain one.

This transformation will involve the development of a course utilizing a variety of source materials and pedagogical methodologies that will place an emphasis on the student-centered approach to teaching and learning. There will be no costs to students with this course transformation. We will take into consideration the scope and sequence of the current textbook (and others, if applicable), the student learning outcomes for the course, and determine which aspects of the textbook scope and sequence are suitable and have merit for implementation in the transformation. We will also consider content that has not previously been included in course content yet, we believe to be relevant and critical for the preparation of the criminal justice student.

Materials for the transformation will be obtained from a variety of sources within the USG library, online resources, and such sources as scholarly journals and periodicals. Making the transformation student-centered versus textbook essentialist oriented, provides for an enhanced level of student-teacher and student-student connectedness and strengthens the community of learners and the learning environment in both F2F and web-based delivery models.

The transformation will affect three stakeholders: Students, faculty, and our institution, specifically, the Division of Social Science, Business and Education, which includes our Associate of Science in Criminal Justice and Associate of Science in Early Childhood, Middle Grade, Special Education and Secondary Education pathway students. Criminal justice students pursuing this degree take The American Police Systems course. EDUC 2130 is a required course for education majors working toward their degree. This transformation, as stated above, will save students the high costs of the textbook and provide them the opportunity to begin the course on time as they will no longer have to locate the least expensive online or e-book text. No longer will students have to wait on textbooks to arrive via mail or pay the exorbitant prices placed on the text by the for-profit publishing companies and bookstores. As a result of having all instructional materials available at the beginning of the semester, a clear pathway of instruction is made available to all students and student learning outcomes should improve.

The transformation will also impact the criminal justice faculty member and education faculty
member who teach these courses as we redesign our course to address the needs of our student population without the dictates of a textbook. Financial affordability is key to student progression, retention and graduation. Without a student focus, the inherent obstacles they deal with often lead to hardship withdrawals, attendance issues, and academic issues. It is incumbent that we remove or alter these obstacles including the financial burdens of textbooks where appropriate.

By redesigning these courses, with our student population and student learning outcomes as the focus, we can create courses that take into consideration these obstacles yet, maintains the integrity of the course. This transformation places the student outcomes squarely in the hands of course professors and provides the flexibility needed to differentiate the course for the desired population. We know that because of the complexity of teaching and individual variations among students, effective teaching is not "one size fits all." No two courses are taught the same and should not be, as no two groups of students need the same type of instruction.

Further, we know that effective teachers have good command of their subject matter, how to use instructional strategies and demonstrate a sincere commitment to student achievement. This transformation impacts the teaching faculty by focusing on course redesign that supports learning for a diverse population of students at our institution, provides for the process of differentiating instructional strategies, assignments, and assessments, and serves as a statement of a sincere commitment to student achievement. Course professors will have so much more than a textbook to use. They will have a wealth of resources to tap into. Use of technology that empowers students to learn and exercise their skills set in order to prepare them for careers in criminal justice and education are a tool that will serve to enhance direct teaching and student learning.

The subject-matter expert/professor will have the assistance of a mentor/colleague/experienced course designer on the team. Both team members are certified in Quality Matters for Higher Education and will apply many of the national benchmarks for online course design.

Finally, GHC as the representing institution, is a stakeholder in this transformation. With a focus on student retention, progression, and graduation as a part of Complete College Georgia, GHC administrators have encouraged professors to focus on student success which includes affordable learning options for our students. In a recent posting, only two colleges were highlighted in Georgia during the White House’s recent unveiling of College Scorecard, a website designed to provide “the clearest, most accessible, and most reliable national data on college cost, graduation, debt, and post-college earnings.”

GHC was highlighted in the two-year category and Georgia Institute of Technology in the four-year category as colleges with the best value in the state. The database was built to help students better understand which colleges will provide the best return on investment.
Currently, students at GHC can earn an associate degree for less than $7,300. We are most proud of our continuous efforts to ensure that our students receive a quality education for an affordable price. This is what we are nationally and locally recognized for and are most proud of. ALGs and our professors’ due diligence to assist our student population, when and where necessary, are a huge part of our success and this accolade. By removing the financial burden of a required textbook for students in CRJU 2111 and EDUC 2130, the institution further promotes its mission of affordable excellence.

All stakeholders benefit from affordable learning options. They save students substantial amounts of money within specific courses and over the time period of earning a degree. Affordable learning options place the context, content, scope and sequence of a course in the hands of creative and critical thinking professors. Finally, affordable learning options represent GHC’s emphasis on affordable learning which includes tuition costs, fees and supplies. Georgia Highlands College was recently recognized by Schools.com in its 2016 “Best Of” list as number two in the Top Five Best State Colleges in Georgia. Schools.com, “touted GHC for its …affordable tuition costs, fees and supplies.” The goal of this transformation is to build on this reputation on behalf of our student population.

Transformation Action Plan:

Pre-Planning

Review Student Learning Outcomes; reorganize, if necessary
Review/Analyze current textbooks for CRJU 2111 and EDUC 2130 identifying the scope and sequence of the content and learning activities, table of contents, major topics addressed and other related course materials made available by the publisher.
Review existing affordable learning materials and assess appropriateness and consistency for course content, activities, and various types of learning assessments.
Align the student learning outcomes with the major topics to be covered in the course.
Independently locate and subsequently share source materials covering topics addressed in the SLOs. These source materials may include data reports, periodicals, peer-reviewed journals, book chapters, book excerpts, videos, articles, non-fiction literature, etc.
Give careful consideration for easy access to instructional materials that replace the textbook such as readability, clarity, content accuracy, adaptability and developmentally appropriate for the diverse GHC college criminal justice and education student. Since there has been an increase in our Hispanic and Latino populations at GHC and in criminal justice, due consideration should be given to these diverse ethnic populations when reviewing instructional materials. All of these should be integrated using culturally-responsive instructional materials that lead students to problem solving tasks.
With flexibility and latitude for personal expression and professor academic discretion, the selection of instructional materials, strategies, and instructional pedagogy that emphasizes the student-centered approach to teaching and learning will be discussed as they relate to both F2F and web-based delivery methodologies. The course professor will determine the instructional materials and design the course and syllabus, course content based upon SLOs, scope and sequence, selection of activities and scholarly readings, creation of PowerPoints, embedding of hyperlinks and videos, discussion boards, and various types of assessments of student learning. The course professor is entitled to the course instructional design of his/her own choosing provided all SLOs are addressed and there is no textbook or other cost of materials required. Professor academic discretion is paramount. A Quality Matters analysis of the course, based upon the national benchmarks for blended and online learning will be completed by the course professor.

**Course Delivery**

The adopted course(s) will be made available in D2L for both web-based and face-to-face CRJU 2111 and EDUC 2130 courses taught by the two applicant professors Fall semester 2018. A review of the course will take place with team members at the term mid-point and again at the conclusion of the term in preparation for the following term course offering.

In addition to the aforementioned, the transformation action plan will impact the following:

An expected outcome of this transformation action plan is that the course professor/subject matter expert will increase his own knowledge of the subject matter through the perusal and compilation of new source materials.

Another expected outcome of this transformation action plan is that the course professor has generous flexibility to customize student-centered activities and to accommodate the needs of our students. Students can be provided choices on assignments and assignments can be created and/or modified by students. Assignments, thus, become more personalized, meaningful, and relevant to students which results in increased interest, student retention, student achievement and matriculation to a 4-year institution.

Our institutions’ retention will also be positively impacted as the result of our efforts to focus on No-Cost-to-Students’ options. These options, when utilized with a focus on the needs of the students, can create a positive learning environment in which students understand that we are partners with them in the learning process. Research is clear that when students believe that they are cared about by their teacher, student achievement increases. This is our message at GHC.

This transformation affects two sections of CRJU 2111 and four sections of EDUC 2130
offered each AY. The transformation will be implemented Fall 2018 and continue through Spring 2018.
As we work to improve instruction, student achievement, retention, progression, and graduation, we will continue our affordable learning option beyond the grant period of time. We know our student population will benefit from this transformation therefore, once we finalize our efforts we will maximize our redesigned course for the benefit of our students. This transformation will extend to both face-face and web-based teaching delivery models.
Quantitative & Qualitative Measures: Assessment is an integral part of teaching. We believe this course transformation should be assessed via a variety of methods in order to present the full accounting of our intentions and course outcomes. Both quantitative and qualitative measures will be utilized and analyses of each will provide valuable insight as to whether we have accomplished our learning targets. In terms of qualitative assessment, we will seek the feedback from students through Open Educational Resources survey. Students’ perceptions of the redesigned course will be considered for future direction. Formal assessments to document students’ achievement of student learning objectives (SLOs) with the use of the transformative model of instruction. Comments provided by students in the OER survey will provide detailed information on the students’ view of the transformative materials. These measures will be used as an indication of student’s perspective. Quantitative assessment measures will be used and analyzed much in the same manner as qualitative measures so as to measure the impact on student success and experience.

Data will be compiled that addresses the following:

- Exam questions that assess proficiency of SLOs
- The number of students who drop, fail, and withdraw from the course (DFW rate)
- Final grade distributions (mean, median, and mode) that demonstrate student success within the course structure and on the SLOs (Course Pass Rate, % of A-Fs)
- Open Educational Resources survey to gather the perceived quality, experience and satisfaction of students using OER materials. This data will be compared and contrasted to previous CRJU 2111 and EDUC 2130 courses taught utilizing the traditional textbook.

Timeline:

For courses taught Fall 2018: Application deadline January 22, 2018

Notification of Award: February 15, 2018

Required Kick-off Meeting: February 26, 2018
February 2018: Review of Student Learning Outcomes; Review/analyze current textbook for scope and sequence of content, learning activities, major topics, other course materials made available by publisher

March 2018: Align SLOs with major topics to be covered in the course

Identify, review and assess appropriateness of new affordable learning materials to achieve the SLOs

January 2018: Continue identifying and reviewing new source instructional materials; gather interactive and multimedia resources

February 2018: Organize transformative course, order topics to be covered, discuss course requirements, grading, Discussion Board thread prompts, essays, alternative assignments, interactive and multimedia usage; Identify and develop tools to monitor student progress throughout semester

March-April 2018: Create transformative course instructional PowerPoints based upon new source materials

May 2018: Create transformative course syllabus and course schedule for Fall 2018 semester

July 2018: Create transformative course in D2L, upload source materials to D2L, and prepare for D2L launch in August 2018

August 2018: Implement the transformative course: The American Police Systems; conduct informal Pre-Assessment Survey; collect and analyze data

October 2018: Collect and analyze Qualitative data to date as follows: Pre-Assessment data (first week of class), Informal assessment events, and conduct Formative Assessment data (mid-term)

December 2018: Conduct Post-Assessment event (end of term); Collect final Qualitative and Quantitative data, incorporate student assessment findings, analyze conclusions, make revisions (as appropriate), Team meeting to complete work on final ALG report

Team meetings will occur at each identified point in the Timeline listed above. Both team members hold equal responsibility to the actions in the ALG textbook transformation grant.

Budget:

The requested budget is $10,800.00 ($5,000 X 2 team members) + $800 for expenses related to required regional conference/training session/kick-off meeting.
Sustainability Plan:

It is our goal for the transformation to have a long-term impact on the stakeholders and to offer No-Cost-to-Students options in all future course sections of The American Police Systems and Exploring Teaching and Learning. We intend to adopt our course design and implement it in both face-face and web-based delivery models. As a team, at designated intervals throughout each semester, an analysis of each course section will be conducted and discourse had regarding the effectiveness of instruction, instructional strategies, assessment data, and student feedback to determine if modifications need to be made for subsequent course offerings. Modifications will be based upon student feedback, informal and formal assessment events as well as our own analysis of the course.

D2L as a learning management system can be amended and augmented at any time a professor desires to modify or create new course instructional materials, assignments, and/or assessments. This facilitates current and relevant presentations of course content which benefits learners in a myriad of ways. The benefits of our plan are immeasurable for our student population. Despite having a smaller target population of students as compared to major colleges and universities, our GHC students desperately need the financial relief of the No-Cost-to-Students transformative option.
To whom it may concern:

I write this letter as Dean of Social Sciences, Business, and Education at Georgia Highlands College in support of Sherry Green's and Randy Green's proposal for an Affordable Learning Georgia Textbook Transformation Grant in Round Ten for implementation beginning Fall Semester 2018.

Profs. Sherry Green and Randy Green are proposing to replace the standard textbook in CRJU 2111 (American Police Systems) and EDUC 2130 (Exploring Teaching and Learning) with Open Educational Resources. This will result in a savings for students of nearly $94.75 - $145.00 per student per course. I believe that this is an especially worthy undertaking here at Georgia Highlands, where many of our students depend on financial aid not only to meet the costs of their education but their living expenses as well. I would expect that adopting OER materials will help Georgia Highlands in the areas of retention, a USG initiative, and course completion, a long-standing USG goal. Currently, many students do not purchase expensive texts for courses and their performance suffers. By adopting OER materials, a significant barrier to student performance and completion will be removed.

Professors Sherry and Randy Green and Dr. Callahan have a well-developed plan for shifting to an OER-based text. I fully support this shift, and have encouraged other faculty in my Division to shift to OER, where available, for their courses. As an institution, Georgia Highlands strives to be at the forefront of the University System of Georgia's plans to make college affordable through lowering the cost of textbooks through Use of OERs as well as seeking out low-cost texts. I believe Professors Sherry and Randy Green and Dr. Callahan are worthy of financial support as they work towards these ends and I strongly support his application for grant funding.

Best,

Dr. Alan Nichols
Dean, Division of Social Sciences, Business, and Education
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Affordable Learning Georgia Textbook Transformation Grant
Award Cycle: Round 11
Internal Submission Deadline: January 22, 2018
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<th><strong>Submitter Name</strong></th>
<th>Randall (Randy) A. Green</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Submitter Title</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Submitter Email</strong></td>
<td><a href="mailto:ragreen@highlands.edu">ragreen@highlands.edu</a></td>
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| **Team Members** | Sherry A. Green  
Associate Professor of Education  
Georgia Highlands College  
Proposal Team Member, Mentor/Colleague, & Experienced Web-based Course Designer and Web-based professor  
J. Sean Callahan, Associate Professor of Psychology  
Division of Social Sciences/Chair of Diversity Initiatives |
| **Sponsor, Title, Department, Institution** | Dr. Alan Nichols, Dean of Social Science, Business, and Education Division  
Georgia Highlands College  
Rome, Georgia 30161 |
| **Proposal Title** | The American Police Systems and Exploring Teaching and Learning: A No-Cost-to-Students Transformation |
| **Course Names, Course Numbers and Semesters Offered** | CRJU 2111 The American Police Systems  
Offered Fall and Spring semesters  
EDUC 2130 Exploring Teaching and Learning  
Offered Fall and Spring semesters |
| **Final Semester of Instruction** | Fall 2018 |
1.1 PROJECT GOALS

Goal 1: No-Cost-Student Alternative Course Instructional Materials

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1.2 STATEMENT OF TRANSFORMATION

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This transformation will involve the development of a course utilizing a variety of source materials and pedagogical methodologies that will place an emphasis on the student-centered approach to teaching and learning. There will be no costs to students with this course transformation. We will take into consideration the scope and sequence of the current textbook (and others, if applicable), the student learning outcomes for the course, and determine which aspects of the textbook scope and sequence are suitable and have merit for implementation in the transformation. We will also consider content that has not previously been included in course content yet, we believe to be relevant and critical for the preparation of the criminal justice student.

Materials for the transformation will be obtained from a variety of sources within the USG library, online resources, and such sources as scholarly journals and periodicals. Making the transformation student-centered versus textbook essentialist oriented, provides for an enhanced level of student-teacher and student-student connectedness and strengthens the community of learners and the learning environment in both F2F and web-based delivery models.

The transformation will affect three stakeholders: Students, faculty, and our institution, specifically, the Division of Social Science, Business and Education, which includes our Associate of Science in Criminal Justice and Associate of Science in Early Childhood, Middle Grade, Special Education and Secondary Education pathway students. Criminal justice students pursuing this degree take The American Police Systems course. EDUC 2130 is a required course for education majors working toward their degree. This transformation, as stated above, will save students the high costs of the textbook and provide them the opportunity to begin the course on time as they will no longer have to locate the least expensive online or e-book text. No longer will students have to wait on textbooks to arrive via mail or pay the exorbitant prices placed on the text by the for-profit publishing companies and bookstores. As a result of having all instructional materials available at the beginning of the semester, a clear pathway of instruction is made available to all students and student learning outcomes should improve.
The transformation will also impact the criminal justice faculty member and education faculty member who teach these courses as we redesign our course to address the needs of our student population without the dictates of a textbook. Financial affordability is key to student progression, retention and graduation. Without a student focus, the inherent obstacles they deal with often lead to hardship withdrawals, attendance issues, and academic issues. It is incumbent that we remove or alter these obstacles including the financial burdens of textbooks where appropriate.

By redesigning these courses, with our student population and student learning outcomes as the focus, we can create courses that take into consideration these obstacles yet, maintains the integrity of the course. This transformation places the student outcomes squarely in the hands of course professors and provides the flexibility needed to differentiate the course for the desired population. We know that because of the complexity of teaching and individual variations among students, effective teaching is not "one size fits all." No two courses are taught the same and should not be, as no two groups of students need the same type of instruction.

Further, we know that effective teachers have good command of their subject matter, how to use instructional strategies and demonstrate a sincere commitment to student achievement. This transformation impacts the teaching faculty by focusing on course redesign that supports learning for a diverse population of students at our institution, provides for the process of differentiating instructional strategies, assignments, and assessments, and serves as a statement of a sincere commitment to student achievement. Course professors will have so much more than a textbook to use. They will have a wealth of resources to tap into. Use of technology that empowers students to learn and exercise their skills set in order to prepare them for careers in criminal justice and education are a tool that will serve to enhance direct teaching and student learning.

The subject-matter expert/professor will have the assistance of a mentor/colleague/experienced course designer on the team. Both team members are certified in Quality Matters for Higher Education and will apply many of the national benchmarks for online course design.

Finally, GHC as the representing institution, is a stakeholder in this transformation. With a focus on student retention, progression, and graduation as a part of Complete College Georgia, GHC administrators have encouraged professors to focus on student success which includes affordable learning options for our students. In a recent posting, only two colleges were highlighted in Georgia during the White House's recent unveiling of College Scorecard, a website designed to provide "the clearest, most accessible, and most reliable national data on college cost, graduation, debt, and post-college earnings."

GHC was highlighted in the two-year category and Georgia Institute of Technology in the four-year category as colleges with the best value in the state. The database was built to help students better understand which colleges will provide the best return on investment.
Currently, students at GHC can earn an associate degree for less than $7,300. We are most proud of our continuous efforts to ensure that our students receive a quality education for an affordable price. This is what we are nationally and locally recognized for and are most proud of. ALGs and our professors’ due diligence to assist our student population, when and where necessary, are a huge part of our success and this accolade. By removing the financial burden of a required textbook for students in CRJU 2111 and EDUC 2130, the institution further promotes its mission of affordable excellence.

All stakeholders benefit from affordable learning options. They save students substantial amounts of money within specific courses and over the time period of earning a degree. Affordable learning options place the context, content, scope and sequence of a course in the hands of creative and critical thinking professors. Finally, affordable learning options represent GHC’s emphasis on affordable learning which includes tuition costs, fees and supplies. Georgia Highlands College was recently recognized by Schools.com in its 2016 “Best Of” list as number two in the Top Five Best State Colleges in Georgia. Schools.com, “touted GHC for its ...affordable tuition costs, fees and supplies.” The goal of this transformation is to build on this reputation on behalf of our student population.
1.3 TRANSFORMATION ACTION PLAN

Pre-Planning

- Review Student Learning Outcomes; reorganize, if necessary
- Review/Analyze current textbooks for CRJU 2111 and EDUC 2130 identifying the scope and sequence of the content and learning activities, table of contents, major topics addressed and other related course materials made available by the publisher.
- Review existing affordable learning materials and assess appropriateness and consistency for course content, activities, and various types of learning assessments.
- Align the student learning outcomes with the major topics to be covered in the course.
- Independently locate and subsequently share source materials covering topics addressed in the SLOs. These source materials may include data reports, periodicals, peer-reviewed journals, book chapters, book excerpts, videos, articles, non-fiction literature, etc.
- Give careful consideration for easy access to instructional materials that replace the textbook such as readability, clarity, content accuracy, adaptability and developmentally appropriate for the diverse GHC college criminal justice and education student. Since there has been an increase in our Hispanic and Latino populations at GHC and in criminal justice, due consideration should be given to these diverse ethnic populations when reviewing instructional materials. All of these should be integrated using culturally-responsive instructional materials that lead students to problem solving tasks.

Planning

- With flexibility and latitude for personal expression and professor academic discretion, the selection of instructional materials, strategies, and instructional pedagogy that emphasizes the student-centered approach to teaching and learning will be discussed as they relate to both F2F and web-based delivery methodologies.
- The course professor will determine the instructional materials and design the course and syllabus, course content based upon SLOs, scope and sequence, selection of activities and scholarly readings, creation of PowerPoints, embedding of hyperlinks and videos, discussion boards, and various types of assessments of student learning.
- The course professor is entitled to the course instructional design of his/her own choosing provided all SLOs are addressed and there is no textbook or other cost of materials required. Professor academic discretion is paramount.
- A Quality Matters analysis of the course, based upon the national benchmarks for blended and online learning will be completed by the course professor.
Course Delivery

- The adopted course(s) will be made available in D2L for both web-based and face-to-face CRJU 2111 and EDUC 2130 courses taught by the two applicant professors Fall semester 2018.
- A review of the course will take place with team members at the term mid-point and again at the conclusion of the term in preparation for the following term course offering.

In addition to the aforementioned, the transformation action plan will impact the following:

- An expected outcome of this transformation action plan is that the course professor/subject matter expert will increase his own knowledge of the subject matter through the perusal and compilation of new source materials.
- Another expected outcome of this transformation action plan is that the course professor has generous flexibility to customize student-centered activities and to accommodate the needs of our students. Students can be provided choices on assignments and assignments can be created and/or modified by students. Assignments, thus, become more personalized, meaningful, and relevant to students which results in increased interest, student retention, student achievement and matriculation to a 4-year institution.
- Our institutions' retention will also be positively impacted as the result of our efforts to focus on No-Cost-to-Students' options. These options, when utilized with a focus on the needs of the students, can create a positive learning environment in which students understand that we are partners with them in the learning process. Research is clear that when students believe that they are cared about by their teacher, student achievement increases. This is our message at GHC.
- This transformation affects two sections of CRJU 2111 and four sections of EDUC 2130 offered each AY. The transformation will be implemented Fall 2018 and continue through Spring 2018.
- As we work to improve instruction, student achievement, retention, progression, and graduation, we will continue our affordable learning option beyond the grant period of time. We know our student population will benefit from this transformation therefore, once we finalize our efforts we will maximize our redesigned course for the benefit of our students.
- This transformation will extend to both face-face and web-based teaching delivery models.
1.4 QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE MEASURES

Assessment is an integral part of teaching. We believe this course transformation should be assessed via a variety of methods in order to present the full accounting of our intentions and course outcomes. Both quantitative and qualitative measures will be utilized and analyses of each will provide valuable insight as to whether we have accomplished our learning targets.

In terms of qualitative assessment, we will seek the feedback from students through Open Educational Resources survey. Students’ perceptions of the redesigned course will be considered for future direction. Formal assessments to document students’ achievement of student learning objectives (SLOs) with the use of the transformative model of instruction. Comments provided by students in the OER survey will provide detailed information on the students’ view of the transformative materials. These measures will be used as an indication of student’s perspective.

Quantitative assessment measures will be used and analyzed much in the same manner as qualitative measures so as to measure the impact on student success and experience. Data will be compiled that addresses the following:

- Exam questions that assess proficiency of SLOs
- The number of students who drop, fail, and withdraw from the course (DFW rate)
- Final grade distributions (mean, median, and mode) that demonstrate student success within the course structure and on the SLOs (Course Pass Rate, % of A-Fs)
- Open Educational Resources survey to gather the perceived quality, experience and satisfaction of students using OER materials.
- This data will be compared and contrasted to previous CRJU 2111 and EDUC 2130 courses taught utilizing the traditional textbook.
1.5 **TIMELINE**

For courses taught Fall 2018: Application deadline January 22, 2018
Notification of Award: February 15, 2018
Required Kick-off Meeting: February 26, 2018
February 2018: Review of Student Learning Outcomes; Review/analyze current textbook for scope and sequence of content, learning activities, major topics, other course materials made available by publisher
March 2018: Align SLOs with major topics to be covered in the course
Identify, review and assess appropriateness of new affordable learning materials to achieve the SLOs
January 2018: Continue identifying and reviewing new source instructional materials; gather interactive and multimedia resources
February 2018: Organize transformative course, order topics to be covered, discuss course requirements, grading, Discussion Board thread prompts, essays, alternative assignments, interactive and multimedia usage; Identify and develop tools to monitor student progress throughout semester
March-April 2018: Create transformative course instructional PowerPoints based upon new source materials
May 2018: Create transformative course syllabus and course schedule for Fall 2018 semester
July 2018: Create transformative course in D2L, upload source materials to D2L, and prepare for D2L launch in August 2018
August 2018: Implement the transformative course: The American Police Systems; conduct informal Pre-Assessment Survey; collect and analyze data
October 2018: Collect and analyze Qualitative data to date as follows: Pre-Assessment data (first week of class), Informal assessment events, and conduct Formative Assessment data (mid-term)
December 2018: Conduct Post-Assessment event (end of term); Collect final Qualitative and Quantitative data, incorporate student assessment findings, analyze conclusions, make revisions (as appropriate), Team meeting to complete work on final ALG report

Team meetings will occur at each identified point in the Timeline listed above. Both team members hold equal responsibility to the actions in the ALG textbook transformation grant.
1.6 BUDGET

The requested budget is $10,800.00 ($5,000 X 2 team members) + $800 for expenses related to required regional conference/training session/kick-off meeting.

Sherry Green, Inst. of Record/SME/Co-P.I. $5,000
Randy Green, Inst. of Record/SME/Co-P.I. $5,000
Travel to Kick-Off . $800
Total $10,800
1.7 SUSTAINABILITY PLAN

It is our goal for the transformation to have a long-term impact on the stakeholders and to offer No-Cost-to-Students options in all future course sections of The American Police Systems and Exploring Teaching and Learning. We intend to adopt our course design and implement it in both face-face and web-based delivery models. As a team, at designated intervals throughout each semester, an analysis of each course section will be conducted and discourse had regarding the effectiveness of instruction, instructional strategies, assessment data, and student feedback to determine if modifications need to be made for subsequent course offerings. Modifications will be based upon student feedback, informal and formal assessment events as well as our own analysis of the course.

D2L as a learning management system can be amended and augmented at any time a professor desires to modify or create new course instructional materials, assignments, and/or assessments. This facilitates current and relevant presentations of course content which benefits learners in a myriad of ways. The benefits of our plan are immeasurable for our student population. Despite having a smaller target population of students as compared to major colleges and universities, our GHC students desperately need the financial relief of the No-Cost-to-Students transformative option.
1.8 REFERENCES & ATTACHMENTS


Watterson, R. (2016). Georgia highlands college where excellence begins. [Brochure].

*Please find two supporting letters attached from Georgia Highlands College, Vice President of Academic Affairs, Dr. Renva Watterson and Dr. Alan Nichols, Dean of Social Science, Business, and Education division at Georgia Highlands College.
COURSE SYLLABUS

COURSE: - The American Police System
CRJU 2111 W/1 CRN: 81003

Three semester hours will be awarded for successful completion of this course.

Web based 100% online – GHC’s D2L System
This course is an online course. You will need regular access to the internet, have basic computer skills and skills with D2L to include posting to the discussion boards, taking online exams, submitting documents to the Assignments Tab, and communicating within the D2L System.

SEMESTER: Fall, 2018

Professor:  Randy Green, M.P.A.
Assistant Professor of Criminal Justice and Political Science

TELEPHONE:  (706) 346-0005 (cell)

E-mail: rgreen@highlands.edu

Website: www.highlands.edu/cj

Office Location: F-147 – Floyd Campus

Office Hours: Tuesday and Thursday 10:00 AM – 11:00 AM

All other hours you may email me at rgreen@highlands.edu, text, or call on my cell (706-346-0005). I will return emails within 24 during the work week and on Monday after the weekend. I will typically return text messages and phone calls within 24 hours. Please note that I cannot communicate via text on grade issues.
TEXT: No text required for this course.

If the student feels like a textbook resource would assist them in this class, in addition to the resources the professor has provided, the student can order from the internet the following textbook:

Policing, Second Edition
Authors: John Worrall and Frank Schmalleger
The purchase or rental of this textbook is optional.

COURSE DESCRIPTION: A comprehensive survey of organizational problems in American law enforcement agencies. Special emphasis is placed on police administration.

COURSE OBJECTIVES: After this course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand the history of the American police system.
2. Understand the role law enforcement play in America by providing order maintenance and peace keeping.
3. Understand the realities and problems law enforcement is faced with in America today.
4. Understand the job and responsibility of working in American law enforcement.
5. Explore the issue of integrity and understand the importance of integrity in the American police system.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

Communication:

1. Students will demonstrate their ability to express ideas logically and clearly in standard written English.
2. Students will demonstrate their ability to read, analyze, and comprehend college level written texts.

Critical Thinking:

1. Students will be able to recognize differing perspectives and points of view.
2. Students will be able to anticipate consequences.

Social Science:

1. Students will demonstrate an understanding of diversity among cultures.
2. Students will demonstrate knowledge of current and historical political systems.
3. Students will demonstrate understanding of the cause and effect relationships in society.
4. Students will be able to demonstrate their understanding of the United States constitution in relation to specific amendments related to the profession of Criminal Justice

COURSE REQUIREMENTS:

WRITTEN EXAMINATIONS: There will be five regularly scheduled examinations during the semester. Please see the course summary for the dates of the exams in this course. All exams will be administered in D2L and will be multiple choice or true/false style questions. The questions on the exams will come from the discussion board(s) for that section of the course, essay assignments, reading assignments provided by the professor for each part of the course, and the power points provided. You will be allotted 60 minutes to complete the quizzes. Each exam has a value of 100 points. Your grade for the exam will be posted to D2L Grades within seconds of you submitting the exam.

The total possible value for all five exams is 500 points.

MAKE-UP EXAMS: Make-up exams will only be allowed in the case of a documented excuse and ONLY when the professor has been notified IN ADVANCE of the scheduled exam time. This means that you must obtain approval for a make-up exam from the professor before the exam closes for the exam period. A grade of zero will be assigned for missed exams. Approved make-up exams will be scheduled by the professor at reasonable times and under reasonable circumstances, and typically will be scheduled to be taken as soon as possible after the close of the missed exam.

Discussion Boards: Students are responsible for all reading assignments as stated in this course syllabus and outlined in the summary course schedule. Students are expected to read the weekly assignments and be prepared to discuss prompt questions or post to the assignment in the course’s five graded discussion boards. Each week’s discussion board postings will be graded. If you do not post an original post and a reply to a peer’s post to the discussion board during a specific week, your grade will be a zero and no make-up posting will be allowed. Please be conscientious in posting within the time parameters stated in this syllabus.

Guidance for Original Discussion Board Posts and Peer Responses: Original responses to prompt questions and assignments provided by the professor are designed to facilitate some semblance of the type of learning and discussion that goes on in the classroom environment. Your original response to the prompts that are posted in the weekly discussion board will be viewed seriously and are an important aspect of web-based learning. Your responses to peer’s original posts are to be civil and substantive.
Begin each week by reading the assigned material, review of the power points, or research assignment. Then read the prompt question or assignment that I will provide on Sunday at 8:00 AM during a week when we have a Discussion Board assignment. You should then post an original response that is substantive, thoughtful, mature, collegial, and include reference to the assigned readings. The Discussion Board will close on Thursday at 1:00 PM.

Additionally, students are expected to respond to at least one peer’s original posting on the discussion board each week. These responses should also be substantive, civil, and more than “I agree” or “I disagree.” You may certainly state whether you agree or disagree with the position of a classmate’s original post, but you also need to justify your position. The original post and peer response are due by Thursday at 1:00 PM, as the weekly discussion board will close at that time. No late posts or make-up work allowed on the discussion boards.

Each week of the four graded discussion boards has a possible value of 30 points. The original post is worth 25 points and the peer response is worth 5. We will have five weeks of posting to the discussion board. We will not have a discussion board during the five weeks that exams are administered or during the weeks when we have an essay assignment. I will grade the discussion board posts within one week of the discussion board closing date.

Total value for the five graded discussion board posts is 150 points.

**Essays:** There will be five short essay assignments during the semester. These will be at different points in the semester and the essays due dates can be located in the course schedule and will be announced by the professor. The essays will be submitted to the Assignments Tab in D2L designated by the date and time due. The essays should be no more than three pages in length, size 12 and Times New Roman fonts, and sources should be cited in the APA format. Each essay will have a value of 30 points. I will grade the essay assignments within one week of the submission due date for each essay assignment. The essays will be available on Sunday at 8:00 AM and are due on Thursday at 1:00 PM in the weeks for essay assignments. No late work or make-up work allowed on essay assignments.

Total value of the four essays is 150 points.

**Reading Assignments:** Each Part of the course will have at least two Reading Assignments provided by the professor. These readings will be relevant to the course and student objectives. Some exam questions will be taken from these readings. The reading topics will be provided to the students before each part of the course begins.
GRADING: There will be five written examinations worth 100 points each, five discussion boards worth 30 points each, and five short essay assignments worth 30 points each. Total maximum points possible for the course: 800.

GRADING PROCEDURE:

- 720 to 800 points = A
- 640 to 719 points = B
- 560 to 639 points = C
- 479 to 559 points = D
- 478 points and below = F

ATTENDANCE: There are no formal classroom meetings.

Student success is aided by several considerations:

- Open note and access to course power points exams
- No comprehensive final exam
- Opportunities to respond to educational and professor facilitated Discussion Boards.
- Opportunities to submit short essays on topics relevant to the American Police System.
- Availability of the professor. Please email or call me with any issues you experience with the course or personal issues that may affect your participation in the course. I will do all I can to assist you, but I cannot help if I do not know about issues.

PERSONAL INTEGRITY: Integrity is always a critical issue in life and in academics generally, but especially in a course of study that prepares you to assume a position of considerable public trust. Cheating, plagiarism, or other dishonest behavior will not be tolerated. Violators will receive a zero on the assignment and disciplinary procedures shall be forth coming pursuant to the college’s policy and procedure. You may view the College’s “Student Rights & Responsibilities” document beginning on page 39 at:


DISABILITY STATEMENT: Any student who feels they may need an accommodation based on the impact of a disability should make an appointment with the Access Center
706.802.5003 to coordinate reasonable accommodations. You are welcome to contact me privately to discuss your specific needs.

**FINANCIAL AID:** This message only applies to students receiving financial aid:
Federal regulations state that if a student did not attend classes and receives failing grades, then the grades were not earned and financial aid needs to be reduced accordingly. **Please be advised that any student receiving a 0.00 GPA will be required to prove that the 0.00 GPA was earned by attending classes or completing requirements for each class.** Students who have earned at least one passing grade for the semester will not be affected by this regulation. If a student has properly withdrawn from all classes, the student’s financial aid should be adjusted from the time they signed the withdrawal form.

**Extended Absence Policy:** Students, who have circumstances that prevent them from continuing to attend classes over an extended period, sometimes request that the faculty member permit them to work in absentia to receive credit to complete the course. If the concurrent absences will constitute more than 15% of the class sessions for the term, then written permission from the Division Chair is required before any course assignments can be completed while missing class. The student must be in good academic standing in the course to make the request. All approved coursework must be completed by the end of the semester in which the course was begun.

**Early Grades Statement:**
"GHC offers a variety of part-of-term classes to allow our students to have flexible schedules. However, there are only three Semesters each year; Spring, Summer and Fall. It is only at the end of each Semester that grades are rolled to academic history and available on the official transcript. After each part-of-term, as soon as Instructors have entered grades, they may be viewed online by logging into the SCORE (https://discovery.highlands.edu:9986/pls/SCORE/twbkwbis.P_WWWLogin). Transcript s may also be request at any time by logging into the SCORE. Prior to the end of term, should a student need an early grade letter sent to another institution they may complete the request form and submit it to the Registrar’s Office for processing (http://www.highlands.edu/site/registrar-forms). Please contact the Registrar’s Office at registrar@highlands.edu if you need any assistance."

**DISCLAIMER:** This is a tentative syllabus. The professor reserves the right to change, modify, and/or augment the course syllabus as deemed appropriate and necessary.

**Early Warning Program:**
Georgia Highlands College requires that all faculty members report their students’ progress throughout the course of the semester as part of the institution-wide Early Warning Program (EWP). The objective of the program is to support academic success by reviewing early indicators of satisfactory student progress. In accordance with EWP,
faculty members provide the Registrar’s Office with academic reports of each student enrolled in their course(s) at checkpoints staggered throughout the semester. The following success factors are reported at their corresponding checkpoint:
Week 2: Notification of Non-attendance
Week 5: Evidence of Course Pursuit
Week 8: Mid-term Grades

D2L ASSISTANCE:

GHC Technology Support – phone numbers:
  Rome – 706- 295- 6775
  Cartersville – 678 – 872 – 8086
Help desk ticket – rt@highlands.edu
Link to all IT Assistance - http://www2.highlands.edu/site/it-student-technology-help
D2L – Tech Support – 855-772-0423
https://d2lhelp.view.usg.edu/

Tobacco- Free Campus:

Georgia Highlands College prohibits the use of tobacco products on any property owned, leased, or controlled by GHC. All faculty, staff, students, visitors, vendors, contractors, and all others, are prohibited from using any tobacco products (i.e., cigarettes, e-cigarettes, cigars, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chewing tobacco, etc.) while on GHC property.

For guidance on HB280 Campus Carry, please link to the USG website www.usg.edu/hb280.

DATES OF IMPORTANCE:

Fall Semester 2018

Classes Begin August 18, 2018
Drop/Add August 18 -22, 2018
Labor Day Holiday September 3, 2018
Last Day to Withdraw Without Academic Penalty October 22, 2018
Fall Break and Thanksgiving Holidays Nov. 19 – 25, 2018
Classes End Dec. 18, 2018
Exams Dec. 11 -17, 2018
## COURSE SCHEDULE:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>TOPIC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Part One of the Course:</strong></td>
<td><strong>Reading Assignments for Part One to be provided by the professor in an Announcement in D2L at the beginning of this part of the course.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week of August 18, 2018</td>
<td>Post to the Discussion Board an Introduction Review Part One Power Points</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week of August 26, 2018</td>
<td>Post to the Discussion Board #1 Review Part One Power Points</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week of Sept. 2, 2018</td>
<td>Essay Assignment #1 Review Part One Power Points</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week of Sept. 9, 2018</td>
<td><strong>Exam #1</strong> over Part One</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Part Two of the Course:</strong></td>
<td><strong>Reading Assignments for Part Two to be provided by the professor in an Announcement in D2L at the beginning of this part of the course.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week of Sept. 16, 2018</td>
<td>Review Part Two Power Points Post to the Discussion Board #2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week of Sept. 23, 2018</td>
<td>Review Part Two Power Points Essay Assignment #2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week of Sept. 30, 2018</td>
<td>Review Part Two Power Points Post to Discussion Board #3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week of October 7, 2018</td>
<td><strong>Exam #2</strong> over Part Two</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Part Three of the Course:

Reading Assignments for Part Three to be provided by the professor in an Announcement in D2L at the beginning of this part of the course.

Week of October 14, 2018  Review Power Points Part Three
                          Essay Assignment #3

Week of October 21, 2018  Review Power Points Part Three
                          Post to the Discussion Board #4

October 22, 2018            Last day to withdraw without an Academic Penalty

Week of October 28, 2018  Review Power Points Part Three
                          Essay Assignment #4

Week of November 4, 2018  Exam #3 over Part Three

Part Four of the Course:

Reading Assignments for Part Four to be provided by the professor in an Announcement in D2L at the beginning of this part of the course.

Week of November 11, 2018  Review Power Points Part Four
                          Post to the Discussion Board #5
                          Exam #4 over Part Four

Fall Break and Thanksgiving Holidays November 19 -25, 2018
Part Five of the Course:

Reading Assignments for Part Three to be provided by the professor in an Announcement in D2L at the beginning of this part of the course.

Week of November 26, 2018
- Reading Assignments
- Review Power Points Part Five

Week of December 2, 2018
- Review Power Points Part Five
- Essay Assignment #5

Final Exam will open on December 9, 2018 at 8:00 AM and will close on December 13, 2018 at 1:00 PM. This exam is over Part Five.
Final Report

To submit your Final Report, go to the Final Report submission page on the ALG website: http://affordablelearninggeorgia.org/site/final_report_submission

Final report submission requires four files:

- This completed narrative document
- Syllabus or syllabi
  - (if multiple files, compress into one .zip folder)
- Qualitative/Quantitative Measures data files
  - (if multiple files, compress into one .zip folder)
- Photo of your team or a class of your students w/ at least one team member, minimum resolution 800x600px
  - (nearly all smartphones take photos larger than this size by default)

Follow the instructions on the webpage for uploading your documents. Based on receipt of this report, ALG will process the final payment for your grant. ALG will follow up in the future with post-project grantee surveys and may also request your participation in a publication, presentation, or other event.

General Information

Date: 12/18/2018

Grant Round: 11

Grant Number: 364

Institution Name(s): Georgia Highlands College

Project Lead: Sherry A. Green, Ed. S.

Team Members: Randy Green, Assistant Professor of Political Science and Criminal Justice and Sean Callahan, Associate Professor of Psychology, Social Science, Business and Education Department

Course Name(s) and Course Numbers:

EDUC 2130 Exploring Learning and Teaching and CRJU 2111 The American Police System

Semester Project Began: Summer 2018

Final Semester of Implementation: Fall 2018

Total Number of Students Affected During Project: 90
1. Narrative

A. Describe the key outcomes, whether positive, negative, or interesting, of your project.
Include:

Summary of your transformation experience, including challenges and accomplishments
Transformative impacts on your instruction
Transformative impacts on your students and their performance

We have been using books in education since colonial times, but as we plan for our future and with access to and the integration of the World Wide Web into our classrooms, it seems only appropriate that we pause to consider the realization that textbooks are costly, restrictive in content, often outdated, and in Education circles, are often based upon the curricular contributions of a short list of two states in the United States, typically Texas and California. We have honored textbooks as the be-all-end-all of our curriculum and everything we taught revolved around chapters contained in the frequently, short-sided textbook. Publishing companies made billions on the sale of these widely used, accepted, textbook adoptions especially for the K-12 environment, but also in the world of higher education. School systems (ultimately tax payers) shouldered the cost responsibility of the K-12 textbooks while in the collegiate environment, students assumed the cost of their course textbooks. Increasing in price, these textbooks have continually been the one instructional item that students have complained about having to purchase. Many students in today’s colleges deliberately choose not to purchase a text and try to go it alone in navigating a course to save the astronomical purchase price. This often leads to poor performance in courses and poor performance often leads to dropping out or withdrawals.

OERs are one option to counter publishing companies pricing of print textbooks and offer students another avenue to use course materials without cost. The K-12 environment is gradually making similar adjustments to negate the cost of printed textbooks by providing electronic devices to their students and allowing cellphones in classrooms during Bring-Your-Own-Device (BYOD) days. Mobile and stationary computer labs are found in K-12 schools, so students have access to the World Wide Web daily. Smart Boards, with direct internet access, also enhance instruction.

It is the worthwhile work that we chose to endeavor in. The opportunity to provide our students at GHC the choice of taking a course with OERs vs. a printed textbook. In summary, we can say that given the quantitative and qualitative measures and yielded results, the transformation experience was a success for our students. The overall attitude, mind-set, and OER experience was overwhelmingly positive for our students and for that we are grateful.

As professors, we have enjoyed the experience as it has stretched us beyond our usual pedagogy and thought processes. We have read, viewed, pondered, debated, put in, taken out, and at times, been consumed by the task at hand, instructional ideas, materials, and assignments that we believed would be valuable as learning experiences. At the conclusion of
the transformation project, we looked retrospectively at what we created, and deemed it a valuable learning experience for us and our students at GHC.

We developed OER courses with academic rigor while saving our students the cost of a course textbook. Though small in student numbers for one semester, the overall impact of the OER over an academic year and a summer term, will result in amazing savings for our students and without jeopardizing quality of instruction. These savings will help with the retention of our students as they look forward to and are motivated by the known fact that they do not have to purchase/rent/borrow a textbook for the courses. Knowing this eases the stress related to enrolling in courses and having to pay for the extra items associated with it.

We believe the following focus points illustrate how this OER transformation accomplished much for our students:

1. In this initiative, students accessed both the electronic and print media sources available to them, both of which they are familiar with in contemporary, everyday life. Students availed themselves to the D2L electronic platform for course assignments, instructional materials, assessments, and never had to purchase or carry a costly, heavy, perhaps even outdated, textbook.
2. While we may have static content competencies/student learning outcomes, OERs provided for real experiences and problems for students to investigate, analyze, create, and perform other critical thinking skills.
3. Another accomplishment for our students was the savings associated with the No-Cost text for each course, which was the intended purpose of the grant.
4. An unforeseen success of the OER project was the sincere gratefulness that students expressed relative to not having to purchase a course textbook. This success ultimately and immediately led to decreased financial stress/burdens relative to college expenses and provided for much needed flexibility for family financial needs.
5. Students experienced the same quality of course that students utilizing a textbook would have experienced.
6. Students adapted to the use of OERs without much difficulty perhaps because most are experienced technological learners.

The OER transformation was not without challenges for the professors. These challenges are as follows:

1. The number one challenge for the OER transformation course was the development of enough instructional materials/educational resources to ensure academic rigor. Students begin with an intense, focused, desire to learn and participate in the course, but at mid-term their performance begins to diminish. However, we do not believe this is an anomaly to transformation courses as it happens in our other 18-week courses as well. The challenges of work, family, mental health issues, poverty, class attendance, tutoring, ethnic and language barriers, and additional course requirements (Education
Field Experiences) outside of school are inherent in many of our students lives and they often can not maintain all of these responsibilities for a long-term semester. They require much flexibility and support throughout the term and it is provided, but occasionally, it is not enough to get them through the course successfully.

2. Professors had to guide students weekly through “This week we will...” announcements to focus students on what was being covered instructionally during the week and what their assignment was for the week, including due dates. Professors provided somewhat more assistance to the OER students in terms of reminders of content coverage, grading, assignments, readings, rubrics, examples, etc.

3. It was also a challenge to maintain student focus on weekly assignments for an entire 18-week term. We have come to learn that many students are okay with making a C in a college course, especially if they are working full-time, have medical and mental health issues and have family responsibilities and/or any combination of the issues listed. However, we do not believe this to be an anomaly to the transformation course as we have experienced this with other courses/classes as well.

In terms of things that we might do differently, we suggest additional readings and assignments in CRJU 2111. In EDUC 2130, the formative assessments need to be reviewed and modified after an analyses of exam questions over SLOs was conducted and yielded low %s of passage rates on specific questions. These questions need further analysis.

2. Quotes
The following quotes address specific comments about OER course materials, communication, etc.

Thank You, Thank You, Thank You Professor Green for all your support, caring ways, kindness, updates & alerts to deadlines, clear instructions, power points, links to websites, clarity and easy to read set up for D2L, your introductory video and for all of your instruction that you’ve provided to all the students for this course. Thank You for all that you do for you students and it has been a joy being under your tutelage this semester!!! You're an AWESOME professor!!!

I really enjoyed watching the video to the link about the teaching strategy to encourage active listening (https://www.teachingchannel.org/videos/teaching-strategy-active-listening.)

I was skeptical about taking a course without a textbook, but it went very well!

3. Quantitative and Qualitative Measures
3a. Uniform Measurements Questions
**Student Opinion of Materials via Surveys and Informal Interviews**

Students’ perspectives were queried to assess attitudes and opinions of the redesigned course three times during the term. Students provided information at the beginning of the term via a Pre-Assessment Survey, mid-point Survey, and at the end of term via a Post-Assessment Survey to provide fluid perspectives for future decision making and direction for the courses. At the beginning of the course, surveys reflected student excitement about taking a course without a textbook. Students expressed optimism that the course would offer them a valuable experience without the textbook. They also expressed that they often did not obtain a textbook for a course because of its cost. The majority agreed or strongly agreed that the cost of the textbook majorly impacted their decision to enroll or remain in the course.

By mid-point in the term, students’ surveys reflected that they strongly agreed that they would enroll in another course that offers a no-textbook option. Students felt as though they were doing well in the OER courses and expressed a positive experience with the OER courses.

The final survey yielded positive statements and experiences with the OER course and materials and students overwhelmingly and strongly agreed that they would enroll in another course that use a no-textbook option. They overwhelmingly reported a positive experience with the OER materials and resources used in the courses. Most students also expressed that the quality of the OER course was better than other courses taken with a textbook.

The following is the disaggregated data for Education 2130 and CRJU 2111 on Student Opinion of Materials/Surveys.

**Education 2130**

Total number of students affected in this project: 90

37 total respondents

- Positive: 97.3% of 37 respondents
- Neutral: 2.7 % of 37 number of respondents
- Negative: 0% of 0 number of respondents

**CRJU 2111**

11 total respondents

Positive: 100% of 11 respondents

In both, EDUC 2130 and CRJU 2111, an overwhelming % of students’ opinions were positive about the material used in the course.
Disaggregated Data for EDUC 2130 and CRJU 2111 Final Grade Distributions/Pass Rates/Retention Rates

The demonstration of student success can be measured by analyzing the final grade distributions for the term and across terms for each course. These analyses are as follows:

Education 2130 Data:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre Trans Spring 2018</th>
<th>Grade Distribution</th>
<th>Post Trans Fall 2018 Grade Distribution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As</td>
<td>6/51/12%</td>
<td>As</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bs</td>
<td>23/51/45%</td>
<td>Bs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cs</td>
<td>11/51/22%</td>
<td>Cs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ds</td>
<td>2/51/0.04%</td>
<td>Ds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fs</td>
<td>3/51/0.06</td>
<td>Fs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As indicated by the EDUC 2130 data, the Post-trans final grade distribution yielded substantially more As and Bs than the Pre-trans Spring 2018 term data yielded. It is significant to note that the Fs in the Pre- and Post-trans terms, were not attributed to failure of the course, assessments, student learning outcomes, or the fact that the course had or did not have a textbook. These failures (Fs) were directly attributed to the fact that these students did not complete the 10 hours of field experience observation mandated by the University System of Georgia for all EDUC prefix courses. If a student does not complete the mandated field placement, the student does not pass the course.

This must be accounted for when analyzing Final Grade Distributions and Course Pass/Failure Rates, %s of As-Fs. This mandate requires us to view the raw data in the context of the USG mandate and student performance/success. Students can be and are often successful in the course, fail to complete the field experience and thus, fail the course.

The Post-trans Course Pass Rate is 85% including the Fs for those who failed due to failure to complete the Field Experience component of the course. If removed from the data, the Post-trans course pass rate is 93%.
Comparing this to the Pre-trans term Spring 2018, the Course Pass Rate with the Fs for failure to complete the Field Experience mandate is 82%. Removing the Fs for failure to complete the field experience mandate, the Course Pass Rate is 88%.

Additionally, the % of students who made A-Cs Pre-Trans was 79% vs. Post-Trans was 85%, an increase of 6% points.

In summary, the Post-Trans Course Pass Rate is better than the Pre-Trans Course Pass Rate thus indicating a higher degree of grade performance and success.

**CRJU 2111 Final Grade Distribution Data:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre Trans Spring 2018 Grade Distribution</th>
<th>Post Trans Fall 2018 Grade Distribution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As 15/33/45%</td>
<td>As 21/30/70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bs 8/33/24%</td>
<td>Bs 5/30/17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cs 5/33/15%</td>
<td>Cs 4/30/13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ds 0/33</td>
<td>Ds 0/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fs 0/33</td>
<td>Fs 0/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F$ 4/33/12%</td>
<td>F$ 0/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W 1/33/0.030%</td>
<td>W 0/30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Choose One:
- **X** Positive: Higher performance outcomes measured over previous semester(s)
- ____ Neutral: Same performance outcomes over previous semester(s)
- ____ Negative: Lower performance outcomes over previous semester(s)

In CRJU 2111, the same improvements held true from Pre-trans to Post-trans in final grade distributions and % of A-Cs. Both areas presented with positive performance outcomes over the previous semester. 100% of students made A-C grades Post-trans as compared to 84% Post-trans. It is also significant to note that Pre-trans had 4 F$ and 1 Withdrawal as compared to 0 in both categories Post-trans!

**Course Retention Rates Continued**

**Student Drop/Fail/Withdraw (DFW) Rates**

The overall comparative impact on Drop/Fail/Withdraw (DFW) rates in the semester of implementation over previous semesters was positive in both courses meaning that the DFW rates were lower in the OER courses as compared to the previous semester pre-trans courses. Data yielded higher rates of retention of students in courses and lower rates of withdrawal rates in the OER courses.
EDUC 2130 DFW Rate Final Term of Implementation:

In Education 2130, 1.4% of students, out of a total of 60 students affected, dropped/failed/withdrew from the Education 2130 course in the final semester of implementation.

Choose One:

- **X** Positive: This is a lower percentage of students with D/F/W than previous semester(s)
- ____ Neutral: This is the same percentage of students with D/F/W than previous semester(s) for the Education 2130 course.
- ____ Negative: This is a higher percentage of students with D/F/W than previous semester(s)

This data yields positive and improved post-trans course retention and pass rate than the pre-trans course retention and pass rate.

CRJU 2111 DFW Rate Final Term of Implementation:

In CRJU 2111, 0 % of students, out of a total of 30 students affected, dropped/failed/withdrew from the CRJU 2111 course in the final semester of implementation. This correlates to a 100% passage and retention rate for the post-trans course and a positive experience for students.

Choose One:

- __X__ Positive: This is a lower percentage of students with D/F/W than previous semester(s)
- ____ Neutral: This is the same percentage of students with D/F/W than previous semester(s) for the Education 2130 course.
- ____ Negative: This is a higher percentage of students with D/F/W than previous semester(s)

Comparative Pre-Post Transformation DFW Rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Pre-Trans Spring 2018 DFW</th>
<th>Post-Trans Fall 2018 DFW</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 2130</td>
<td>6/51/11.76%</td>
<td>7/60/11.66%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRJU 2111</td>
<td>1/33/.030%</td>
<td>0/30/0.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3b. Measures Narrative

**Student Learning Outcomes/Grades/Success**

As evidenced by supporting data previously reported and summarized, all quantitative measures yielded positive impacts on student success and experience. The overall comparative impact on student performance is overwhelming positive in all areas for the OER courses.

In addition to the above data reports, students were assessed on Student Learning Outcomes in each course. After an analysis of SLOs, activities, and assessments linked to SLOs, it was concluded that students in EDUC 2130 had more difficulty with formative assessments of SLOs (Selected Response Exams) than other activities that measure success in the course. EDUC 2130 is a course that is content heavy in learning theory. As such, students often have difficulty with the application of the concepts of learning theory to hypothetical classroom situations that are contained within the formative assessment questions. Specifically, when analyzing data regarding exam questions, there are several questions on Exams 1, 2 and 3 that students failed to answer correctly, therefore the passage range/rate/ % was substantially low on those questions and impacted their success/achievement on the SLOs.

Below is an example of an exam question and measurable SLO (How do teaching practices and instructional structures/methods impact student learning in educational settings?) that requires the student to make application of a concept learned.

Which of the following teacher behaviors, fosters creative thinking in students?

- a. Motivate students with gold stars
- b. Tell students exactly what to do and how to do it
- c. Take students on field trips to museums and cultivate interests and discovery
- d. Ask questions and develop activities that ensure student success

This question generated a 55.56% passage range down to 37.04%. Yet, when observing in a classroom, students are more successful at identifying teacher behaviors that foster creative thinking as evidence by the portfolio work they do as part of their Field Experience placement.

Formative exams need to be analyzed for future use as they relate to SLOs. SLOs are also measured by an additional assessment at the end of Spring term.

In CRJU 2111, measurements of SLOs were conducted via a Post-Assessment. Given selected SLOs, questions were developed that students responded to at the end of the term. The 5 assessed course SLOs are as follows:

Upon completion of this course, the student will:

1. Understand the history of the American police system.
2. Understand the role law enforcement play in America by providing order, maintenance and peace keeping.
3. Understand the realities and problems law enforcement is face with in America today.
4. Understand the job and responsibility of working in American law enforcement.
5. Explore the issue of integrity and understand the importance of integrity in the American police system.

The students’ Post-Assessment of SLOs yielded a 92% mean. SLOs in the OER course were achieved.

Co-Factors that influenced outcomes
Many of GHC students are first-generation students, full-time employees/students, single parents, adult learners/non-traditional students all of whom juggle additional responsibilities. These responsibilities certainly impact their success in navigating the world of higher education. First generation students make up 1/3rd of college students in the United States. Yet, only 27% of this group graduates within four years. They often lack guidance, need support services, and experience difficulties with language barriers in the classroom. (Whitford, E. 2018). At GHC, the co-factors that influence our outcomes exist in monumental ways. Yet, as professors, we can assist in minimizing some stressors/co-factors by offering the option of a quality OER course. We believe we have done so with the results yielded in the quantitative and qualitative data we have described in this final report.

The Field Experience placements and the resulting grade of an F for failure to complete the mandated component of the EDUC 2130 course are also co-factors that influenced the outcomes of the EDUC 2130 data points. Failure to complete the placement negatively impacts the final grade distribution/pass rate, student success, and course retention measures regardless of the type of course the student in enrolled in (OER or non-OER course).


4. Sustainability Plan
The OER professors involved in this grant work will continue to maintain Education 2130 and CRJU 2111 in the D2L learning management system in the future. Per the analyses of our students’ surveys, we have learned a great deal about the factors that contribute to our students’ success. We believe, as do our students, that the course OER resources are “equal to or better in quality” than utilizing a costly textbook. We believe that offering the transformative course eliminates the need for a textbook that students often find cost prohibitive and only sometimes will purchase/rent or borrow, if required to do so. Students “strongly agreed” that “if given the opportunity, they would enroll in an OER course” instead of a course requiring a textbook. Based upon student feedback, we feel strongly that we should continue to offer the transformative option.
We do recognize that as with any course, instructional materials, activities, assessments and the like, require revision periodically to improve teaching and learning. We will consider adding/modifying the course to provide additional readings, critical thinking activities, and in Education 2130 portfolio assessments.

In addition to the courses being in the USG learning management system, D2L, they will be available upon request to colleagues and housed within the USG ALG grant website.

5. Future Plans and Impacts

Much has been learned by the professors who chose to endeavor the work associated with this grant and there is still more work to do. There have been Aha! moments along the way and there have been times when we knew that a different assignment might have worked just as well. The impacts have been great and small, but perhaps the most profound impact that we have experienced because of the OER transformation, is the gratefulness students have expressed about not having to buy a textbook. Due to many factors associated with attending Georgia Highlands College, mentioned in the original grant application, our students have great difficulties to overcome. Many of these difficulties are associated with working hours, lack of income, first-generation students, single parents, various ethnic and racial groups, students with mental health issues, adult learners, veterans, troubles with internet access, etc. They need flexibility, support, kindness and consistent communication to assist them in their focus and success in college. They are often involved with Student Support Services or should be involved with Student Support Services. Anything that we can do to minimize the stress they experience, including financial stress, our students are appreciative of and openly express this.

Another impact, as indicated by analyses of data, we have discovered that without question our students’ performance has greatly improved comparatively speaking between the pre-transformation courses and the post-transformation EDUC 2130 and CRJU 2111 courses.

Third, as a result of the development and implementation of this project, we have resolved that reliance on the textbook is unnecessary and courses can be taught with academic rigor without them.

Fourth, in retrospect, we are amazed at how much work we put into the development of our OER courses and realize that this was a major task with student success at the center.

Our future plans are to continue analyzing data and revising course instructional materials, activities and assessments so as to provide current, meaningful, and engaging critical thinking skills.

Additionally, our future plans are to have a meeting with our dean to discuss the option of transforming the CRJU 2111 course from a full-term course to an 8-week course. At the very least, we feel that a trial term modification, and collection and analyzation of data to determine
if an 8-week course would meet the needs of our students and facilitate their success, is warranted.

Future plans also include the expansion of the OER transformation to other CRJU and Education courses.

In reflecting on our work on this project, we would be open to presenting to new faculty in the GHC faculty academy as well as presenting as part of our CETL (Center for Teaching and Learning) professional development.

**Final Thoughts**

We are exceptionally pleased with the results contained in this report and can build on these successes and make further enhancements in the OER courses. We did not foresee the level of student success but are proud that they exist. We are excited for the future of our students and hope that we can continue to ensure them a way to obtain a college education bypassing some of the obstacles they have historically been placed before them. We are proud to play a small role in the progressiveness of the USG OER grant process!

*We are GHC!*

6. **Description of Photograph**

The photograph attachments are of team members Assistant Professor of Criminal Justice and Political Science Randy Green, and Associate Professor of Education Sherry Green, and a separate photo of Sean Callahan, Associate Professor of Psychology with students.